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approximately 6.50 miles, to the point where the 160 foot elevation crosses River Road.

- (6) Then following River Road in a southeasterly direction for approximately 1 mile to the junction of River, Fort Romie and Foothill Roads.
- (7) Then following Foothill Road in a southeasterly direction for approximately 4 miles to the junction of Foothill and Paraiso Roads on the Soledad, California U.S.G.S. map.
- (8) Then following Paraiso Road in a southerly direction to the intersection with Clark Road on the Paraiso Springs, California U.S.G.S. map.
- (9) Then south for approximately 1.8 miles to the southeast corner of section 32, T. 18S., R. 6E.
- (10) Then due west along the southern boundaries of sections 32 and 31, to the southwest corner of section 31, T. 18S.. R. 6E.
- (11) Then north along the western boundaries of sections 31 and 30, to the northwestern corner of section 30 T. 18S., R. 6E.
- (12) Then northwest in a straight diagonal line to the northwest corner of section 24, T. 18S., R. 5E on the Sycamore Flat, California U.S.G.S. map.
- (13) Then north along the western boundary of section 13, T. 18S., R. 5E., to the northwestern corner of section 13, T. 18S., R. 5E.
- (14) Then northwest in a diagonal line across sections 11 and 3, to the northwest corner of section 3, T. 18S., R. 5E on the Palo Escrito Peak, California U.S.G.S. map.
- (15) Then due west along the southern boundary of section 33, T. 17S., R. 5E., to the southwestern corner of section 33, T. 17S., R. 5E.
- (16) Then north along the western boundary of section 33 to the southeast corner of section 29, T. 17S., R. 5E.
- (17) Then northwest in a diagonal line through sections 29, 19, 13, and 11, to the northwest corner of section 11, T. 17S., R. 4E on the Rana Creek, California U.S.G.S. map.
- (18) Then north along the western boundary of section 2, T. 17S., R. 4E., to the northwestern corner of section 2, T. 17S., R. 4E.
- (19) Then west along the southern boundary of section 34, T. 16S., R. 4E.,

- to the southwestern corner of section 34, T. 16S., R. 4E.
- (20) Then north along the eastern boundary of sections 33 and 28, T. 16S., R. 4E., for approximately 1 mile, to the point where the eastern boundary of section 28 T. 165., R. 4E., coincides with the western boundary of the Guadalupe Y Llanitos de los Correos Land Grant on the Chualar, California U.S.G.S.
- $(\bar{21})$  Then northwest along the grant line for approximately 2,500 feet to the point of beginning on Limekiln Creek.

[T.D. ATF-321, 57 FR 20764, May 15, 1992]

## §9.140 Atlas Peak.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Atlas Peak"
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps of determining the boundaries of the Atlas Peak viticultural area are two U.S.G.S. maps. They are entitled:
- (1) "Yountville, Calif.," 7.5 minute series, edition of 1951, (photorevised 1968); and
- (2) "Capell Valley, Calif.," 7.5 minute series, edition of 1951, (photorevised 1968).
- (c) Boundaries. The Atlas Peak viticultural area is located in Napa County, California. It lies entirely within the Napa Valley viticultural area. The beginning point is Haystack (peak) found in section 21, T. 7 N., R. 4 W. on the "Yountville" U.S.G.S. map;
- (1) From the beginning point, the boundary proceeds south in a straight line approximately 0.5 miles, to the highest point of an unnamed peak of 1443 feet elevation on the boundary of sections 21 and 28, T. 7 N., R. 4 W.;
- (2) Then southeast in a straight line approximately one mile to an unnamed pass with an elevation of 1485 feet, located on Soda Canyon Road;
- (3) Then easterly in a straight line approximately 0.5 miles to an unnamed peak of 2135 feet elevation;
- (4) Then in a generally southeasterly direction, as a series of five straight lines connecting the highest points of unnamed peaks with elevations of 1778, 2102, 1942, 1871 and 1840 feet, ending in the center of section 2, T. 6 N., R. 4 W.;
- (5) Then southeast in a straight line approximately 1.8 miles to the highest point of an unnamed peak of 1268 feet

elevation in section 12, T. 6 N., R. 4 W. on the Capell Valley U.S.G.S. map;

- (6) Then east-southeast in a straight line approximately 1.1 miles to the point where an unnamed tributary stream enters Milliken Creek, immediately south of the Milliken Reservoir in section 7, T. 6 N., R. 3 W.;
- (7) Then following the unnamed stream east-northeast approximately 0.5 miles to its source;
- (8) Then northeast in a straight line approximately 0.5 miles, through the highest point of an unnamed peak of 1846 feet elevation, to the 1600 foot contour line in the eastern portion of section 8, T. 6 N., R. 3 W.;
- (9) Then following the 1600 foot contour line generally north and west for approximately 10 miles, to the point of intersection with the boundary line between sections 12 and 13, T. 7 N., R. 4 W. on the Yountville U.S.G.S. map;
- (10) Then following the section boundary line west approximately 1.1 miles to the intersection with an unnamed, unimproved road;
- (11) Then northwest in a straight line approximately 0.7 miles to the highest point of an unnamed peak of 2114 feet elevation, located in section 10, T. N., R. 4 W:
- (12) Then northwest in a straight line approximately 0.7 miles to the highest point of an unnamed peak of 2023 feet elevation, located in section 10, T. N., R. 4 W.:
- (13) Then southwest in a straight line approximately 2.2 miles to Haystack (peak), the point of beginning.

[T.D. ATF-320, 57 FR 2681, Jan. 22, 1992]

## § 9.141 Escondido Valley.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Escondido Valley."
- (b) Approved map. The appropriate map for determining the boundaries of the "Escondido Valley" viticultural area is 1 U.S.G.S. (scale 1:250,000) map. It is titled Fort Stockton, Texas, 1954 (revised 1973).
- (c) Boundary. The Escondido Valley viticultural area is located in Pecos County, Texas. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) The beginning point is the intersection of Interstate Route 10 (I-10) and an intermittent stream approximately

- 18 miles east of the city of Fort Stockton (standard reference GE3317 on the Fort Stockton, Texas, U.S.G.S. map);
- (2) From the beginning point, the boundary follows I-10 in an easterly direction approximately 9 miles until a southbound trail diverges from I-10 just past the point where it intersects horizontal grid line 2 of square GE on the Fort Stockton, Texas, U.S.G.S. map;
- (3) The boundary then follows the trail in a generally southeasterly direction about 5 miles until it intersects the 3000 foot contour line:
- (4) The boundary follows the 3000 foot contour line in a generally westerly direction approximately 17 miles;
- (5) The boundary continues to follow the 3000 foot contour line as it turns sharply northwest, but diverges from the contour line when the contour line turns south again;
- (6) From the point where it diverges from the contour line, the boundary follows a straight north-northwesterly line as it returns to the beginning point at I-10.

[ATF-322, 57 FR 20761, May 15, 1992]

## § 9.143 Spring Mountain District.

- (a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Spring Mountain District."
- (b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundary of the Spring Mountain District viticultural area are four U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute series topographical maps of the 1:24000 scale. They are titled:
- (1) "Kenwood, Calif.," 1954 (photorevised 1980).
- (2) "Rutherford, Calif.," 1951 (photorevised 1968).
- (3) "St. Helena, Calif.," 1960 (photorevised 1980).
- (4) "Calistoga, Calif.," 1958 (photorevised 1980).
- (c) Boundary. The Spring Mountain District viticultural area is located in Napa County, California, within the Napa Valley viticultural area. The boundary is as follows:
- (1) Beginning on the Calistoga quadrangle map at the Napa-Sonoma county line at the boundary line between sections 18 and 19 in T8N/R6W.